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3E1206

B. Tech. III Sem. (Main) Examination, April/May - 2022 **Automobile Engineering**

3AE2-01 Advance Engineering Mathematics-I AN, AG, AE, CE, CR, EC, EI, ME, MH, PT

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions to Candidates:

Attempt all ten questions From Part A, All five Questions from Part B and three questions out of five questions from Part C.

Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data missing may suitably be assumed and stated clearly. Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.

Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination (As mentioned in form No.205)

PART - A (Word limit 25)

Evaluate, $\Delta^6(ax-1)(bx^2-1)(cx^3-1)$ 1.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Prove that, $\left(\frac{\Delta^2}{E}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 6x (if h=1)$ ersahilkagyan.com

- Using Newton-Raphson's method, find the root of $x^4 12x + 7 = 0$ which is near to 3. x=2.
- Find the z-transform of unit impulse function which is given by $\delta_n = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } n=0 \\ 0 & \text{if } n\neq 0 \end{cases}$
- Find inverse Z Transform of $\frac{5z}{(2-z)(3z-1)}$.
 - Find the Laplace transform of $f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t & 0 < t < \pi \\ 0 & t > \pi \end{cases}$. 6.
 - Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s+2}{(s-2)^3}$ 7.

- Write the Formulae of Fourier complex transform Fourier cosine transform and their inverse also.
- 9. Write the formulae of Simpson 1/3 rule and Simpson 3/8 rule.
 - 10. By using Picard's method, solve the equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = y x$ with x = 0, y = 2 upto third order of approximation.

PART - B

(Word limit 100)

From the following table find the number of students who obtained $(5\times4=20)$

- a) Less than 45 marks.
- b) More than 45 marks.

Marks obtained: 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 70-80 No's of students: 31 42 51 35 31

Find the approximate value correct to three places of decimal of the real root of the equation $x^3 - 3x + 4 = 0$, using method of false position three times in succession.

3. Find the Fourier Sine and Cosine transform of
$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x & \text{for } 0 < x \le 1 \\ 2 - x & \text{for } 1 < x < 2 \\ 0 & \text{for } x \ge 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. If $\overline{u}(z) = \frac{2z^2 + 5z + 14}{(z-1)^4}$ for the sequence $\{u_n\}, n \ge 0$ Evaluate u_2 and u_3 .

5. Find Inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{S}{S^4+4a^4}$ ersahilkagyan.com

PART - C

(Any Three)

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- 1. Solve $(D^2+9)y = \cos 2t$, given that y(0)=1. $y(\pi/2)=-1$.
- 2. Obtain Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{for } |x| \le a \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| > a \end{cases}$

Hence evaluate
$$\int_0^{\infty} \cos\left(\frac{as}{2}\right) \left[\frac{\left(a^2s^2-2\right)\sin as + 2as\cos as}{s^3}\right] ds$$

3. Solve by z transform of $u_{n+2} - 6u_{n+1} + 8u_n = 2^n + 6n$.

Using Milne's Predictor-Corrector Method, obtain the value of y for x=0.4 for the following equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2e^x - y$, given that

0.1

0.2

0.3

2

2.01

2.04

2.09

A slider in a machine moves along a fixed straight rod. Its distance x(cm) along the rod is given below for various values of time t(sec)

 $t \Rightarrow 0$

0.1

0.2

0.3

0.4 0.5

 $x \Rightarrow 30.28$

31.43 32.98 33.54 33.97 33.48

32.13

0.6

Evaluate

i) Velocity for t = 0.1, 0.5 and 0.3

Acceleration for t = .02, .33 and .58