

1E3108

Total No. of Questions : 22

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**1E3108**

**B.Tech. I-Sem. ( Main/Back ) Exam. - 2024**

**IFY3-08 / Basic Electrical Engineering**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Instructions to Candidates :*

**Attempt all ten questions from Part A, five questions out of seven questions from Part B and three questions out of five questions from Part C.**

*Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing suitably be assumed and stated clearly. Units of quantities used/ calculated must be stated clearly.*

*Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination.*

*(Mentioned in form No.205)*

1. ....

2. ....

**PART-A**

(Answer should be given upto 25 words only)

All questions are compulsory

[10x2=20]

Q.1. State the relationship between line voltage and phase voltage and line current and phase current of a 3-phase delta connected system.

- Q.2. Define Apparent power and Power factor.
- Q.3. Why transformers are rated in kVA?
- Q.4. Give the emf equation of a transformer and define each term.
- Q.5. An 1100/400 V, 50 Hz single phase transformer has 100 turns on the secondary winding. Calculate the number of turns on its primary winding.
- Q.6. Write down the expression of equivalent resistance for 'n'-number of resistors in parallel connection.
- Q.7. Write the algorithm for Nodal Analysis.
- Q.8. Distinguish between induction motor and synchronous motor.
- Q.9. Draw the V-I characteristics of an ideal diode.
- Q.10. Give some method available for measuring 3-phase power.

### **PART-B**

**(Analytical / Problem solving questions)**

Attempt any five questions

[5x4=20]

Q.1. An alternating voltage is given by  $V=230\sin 314t$ . Calculate :

- (i) Frequency
- (ii) Maximum value
- (iii) Average value
- (iv) RMS value

- Q.2 State Thevenin's theorem and give a proof. Apply this theorem to calculate the current passing through the  $4\Omega$  resistor of the circuit of Fig. 1

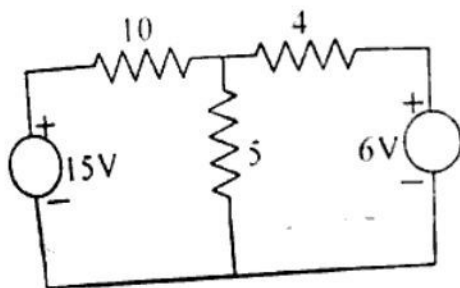


Fig. 1

- Q.3. Determine the power factor of a RLC series circuit with  $R = 5 \text{ ohm}$ ,  $X_L = 8 \text{ ohm}$  and  $X_C = 12 \text{ ohm}$ .
- Q.4. With a neat diagram explain the working of a PN junction diode in forward bias and reverse bias and show the effect of temperature on its V-I characteristics.
- Q.5. List out the characteristics of DC motor.
- Q.6. Derive an expression for conversion of a resistive network from star to delta.
- Q.7. What is working of BJT? Draw its equivalent circuit.

### PART-C

(Descriptive/Analytical/Problem solving/ Design questions)

Attempt any three questions

[3x10=30]

- Q.1. Explain with sketches the constructional features and working of a synchronous generator.
- Q.2. In a series circuit containing pure resistance and a pure inductance, the current and the voltage are expressed as :

$$i(t) = 5 \sin\left(314t + \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \text{ and } v(t) = 15 \sin\left(314t + \frac{5\pi}{6}\right)$$

- (a) What is the impedance of the circuit?
- (b) What is the value of the resistance?
- (c) What is the inductance in henrys?
- (d) What is the average power drawn by the circuit?
- (e) What is the power factor?

Q.3. What is a SCR? Sketch V-I characteristics of Thyristor. Label the various voltages current and operating mode on this sketch.

Q.4. Explain Superposition theorem. Use the superposition theorem to find ' I ' in the circuit shown in Fig. 2.

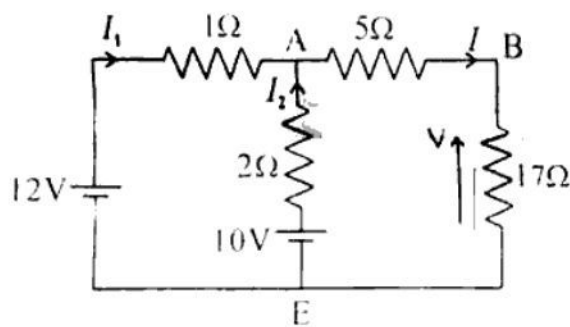


Fig. 2

Q.5. Write short notes on the following :

- (i) ELCB
- (ii) SFU

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